

PERMABOND[®] 790

Cyanoacrylate

Permabond[®]
Engineering Adhesives

Ref. #: 041509PB790

FEATURES & BENEFITS

- ◆ Extremely Fast Setting
- ◆ Rapid development of high strength
- ◆ Surface insensitive-cures rapidly on most surfaces
- ◆ Easy to apply and dispense
- ◆ 100% reactive, no solvents

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Rubber Bonding
Model Assembly
Jewelry Assembly
Ceramics Bonding
Wood Bonding

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

PERMABOND 790 is a low viscosity, surface insensitive adhesive that will rapidly bond substrates with acidic surfaces such as wood and plated surfaces. Plastics, metals, ceramics and elastomers are also rapidly bonded. The fast cure minimizes the occurrence of frosting and fogging. The low viscosity of this product makes it ideal for wicking for wicking type applications.

Cyanoacrylate adhesives are single component adhesives that polymerize rapidly when pressed into a thin film between parts. The moisture adsorbed on the surface initiates the curing of the adhesive. Strong bonds are developed extremely fast and on a great variety of materials. These properties make PERMABOND cyanoacrylates the ideal adhesives for high speed production lines.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF THE UNCURED ADHESIVE

Chemical Type	Ethyl
Color	Colorless
Viscosity, cP @ 25°C	2
Specific Gravity	1.04
Flash point, °C (°F)	83 (181)
Shelf Life stored at 2°C – 7°C (35°F – 45°F), months	12
Maximum gap fill; in (mm)	0.002 (0.05)

Non-Warranty: The information given and the recommendations made herein are based on our research and are believed to be accurate but no guarantee of their accuracy is made. In every case we urge and recommend that purchasers before using any product in full-scale production make their own tests to determine to their own satisfaction whether the product is of acceptable quality and is suitable for their particular purpose under their own operating conditions. THE PRODUCTS DISCLOSED HEREIN ARE SOLD WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY AS TO MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED.

No representative of ours has any authority to waive or change the foregoing provisions but, subject to such provisions, our engineers are available to assist purchasers in adapting our products to their needs and to the circumstances prevailing in their business. Nothing contained herein shall be construed to imply the non-existence of any relevant patents or to constitute a permission, inducement or recommendation to practice any invention covered by any patent, without authority from the owner of this patent. We also expect purchasers to use our products in accordance with the guiding principles of the Chemical Manufacturers Association's Responsible Care[®] program.

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CURE RATE

The cure rates of cyanoacrylates are dependent on the substrate used, gap, and relative humidity. The table below shows the set time of various substrates. Cyanoacrylate adhesives have limited gap-filling capability. The speed of cure and the ultimate strength might decrease as the gap increases. The cure speed of cyanoacrylates will depend on the ambient relative humidity; the cure rate generally increases with increasing humidity. The cure rate of cyanoacrylates can be increased by applying activator QFS16. However, the application of the activator might decrease the ultimate strength of the bond.

CURE RATE at 25°C

Set time, seconds	
Steel	3
Buna N Rubber	3
Phenolic	3
Full cure, hours	24

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF THE CURED ADHESIVE

Hardness (Shore A)	85
Dielectric Strength (volts/mil), approx.	250
Operating Temperature, °C, (°F)	-54 (-65°) to 82 (180°)
Soluble In	Nitroethane, Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF THE CURED ADHESIVE

Cured at 25°C for 24 hours

Shear Strength, psi (N/mm ²)	
Grit blasted steel	2900 (20)

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

Cured **PERMABOND** adhesives have good resistance to many common solvents. However, the cured resistance is reduced as the polarity of the solvent increases. Non-polar solvents such as gasoline, motor oil, and dioctyl phthalate (DOP) have only a minimal effect but polar solvents cause severe bond deterioration. Alcohols will only deteriorate bonds over several months, but acetone is a good solvent for cyanoacrylate. Boiling water will destroy the bonds in less than 24 hours and this process is accelerated when the solution is alkaline. Amines tend to dissolve the bond rapidly. Most solvent washes will not affect the adhesive bonds due to the short exposure time.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

The cured cyanoacrylate is a thermoplastic material that softens at approximately 177°C (350°F), but it can safely be used at temperatures between -54°C (-65°F) and 82°C (180°F). Beyond this temperature, strength loss is relatively rapid. While the product may perform in certain situations, a general recommendation is not made for use above 82°C (180°F). All grades can resist short exposures up to 150°C (300°F).

SURFACE PREPARATION

The surface should be free of gross contamination such as dirt, dust, grease or oil. An alcohol wipe is suitable for cleaning most surfaces. Acetone is recommended for epoxies, polyesters, phenolics, melamine, urea formaldehyde, nylon and polyurethane. Optimum strength is obtained by abrading the surface followed by a solvent wipe to remove any loose particles.

APPLICATION

1. For best results the surface should be properly cleaned.
2. Apply the adhesive sparingly to one surface.
3. Assemble the parts making sure that they are correctly aligned.
4. Apply sufficient pressure to ensure that the adhesive spreads into a thin film.
5. Do not move parts until fixture strength is achieved.
6. When bonding polyethylene, polypropylene, PTFE or silicone, we recommend priming the surfaces with Permabond Polyolefin Primer before using the adhesive.

STORAGE & HANDLING

Cyanoacrylate adhesives are subject to an aging process and have a limited shelf life. When stored in the original unopened container in a refrigerator between 2°C and 7°C (35°F and 45°F), the shelf life is 12 months from the date of shipment from Permabond. It could be less when stored at ambient environment depending on conditions of temperature and humidity.

A note of caution: Before opening, the containers must be warmed to room temperature; otherwise water might condense into the bottle and cause hardening of the adhesive.

Avoid skin contact. Wear polyethylene gloves and safety glasses. Do not use rubber or cloth gloves. Cyanoacrylates can form strong bonds rapidly to skin. To break the bond, peel and flex the skin carefully. Immersion in soapy water aids in breaking the cyanoacrylate bond. Acetone or nail polish remover may also be used. **If cyanoacrylate should come in contact with the eyes, seek medical attention.**

Cyanoacrylate vapors are lachrymatory and can irritate eyes and mucous membranes. Use these materials with proper ventilation.

VAPOR CONTROL RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Use adequate ventilation. Remove adhesive vapors with suitable exhaust ducting. Since cyanoacrylate vapors are heavier than air, place exhaust intake below work area. Activated charcoal filters using an acidic charcoal have been found effective in removing vapors from effluent air.
2. Avoid use of excess adhesive. Excess adhesive outside of the bond area will increase the level of vapors. Automatic dispensing equipment will prevent excess adhesive.
3. Assemble parts as quickly as possible. Long open times will increase level of vapors.

CLEAN UP OF SPILLED LIQUID

When large quantities of cyanoacrylate adhesives are accidentally spilled, the area should be flooded with water that will cause the liquid cyanoacrylate to cure. The cured material can then be scraped from the surface. **NOTE:** The liquid adhesive should not be wiped up with rags or tissue. The fabric will cause polymerization and large quantities of adhesive will generate heat on cure, causing smoke and strong irritating vapors. **ALWAYS FLOOD WITH EXCESS WATER TO CLEAN UP SPILL CONDITIONS.**

For additional information consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN