



Safety Data Sheet

PERMABOND 940

Revision Number: 2 Issue date: 05/05/15

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: PERMABOND 940 Telephone: 732-868-1372 or 800-640-7599

Product Type: Cyanoacrylate Website: www.permabond.com

Company: PERMABOND LLC

14 Robinson Street

Pottstown, PA 19464

USA

Emergency Telephone:

Medical: Poison Control Center 866-827-6282 (toll free)

or 1-303-389-1109

Transport: CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

WARNING: BONDS SKIN ON CONTACT

CAUSES EYE IRRITATION COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID

HAZARD CLASS	HAZARD CATEGORY
FLAMMABLE LIQUID	4
EYE IRRITATION	2B

PICTOGRAM(S)	
NONE	

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces – No smoking. Avoid breathing

vapors, mist or spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use outdoors or in a well-

ventilated area. Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protection.

Response: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with plenty of water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation occurs: Get medical attention. In case of fire: Use foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated cool place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of according to Federal, State/Provincial and local governmental regulations.

Classification complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and is consistent with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

See Section 11 for additional toxicological information.

SDS PERMABOND 940 Rev2 Page 1 of 6



3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous components CAS NUMBER CONCENTRATION (%)*

Beta-Methoxyethyl Cyanoacrylate 27816-23-5 60 – 100

*Exact concentration is a trade secret. Concentration ranges are provided to assist user in determining appropriate protection.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If symptoms

persist, get medical attention.

On contact, immediate bonding of skin will occur. Do not pull bonded skin apart as bonded skin can be easily torn.

Skin contact: Soak in warm soapy water while flexing bonded skin followed by gently peeling skin apart. If skin is burnt due to the

Soak in warm soapy water while flexing bonded skin followed by gently peeling skin apart. If skin is burnt due to the heat generated during the rapid polymerization of a large drop, seek medical attention. If lips are bonded apply warm water to the lips and encourage the use of saliva to wet the interior. Gently peel or roll the lips apart. Do not

use direct opposing force to peel the lips apart.

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. If eyes are bonded closed, apply warm water using a wet pad to release eyelashes. Do not force eye open. Cyanoacrylates will

closed, apply warm water using a wet pad to release eyelashes. Do not force eye open. Cyanoacrylates will cause a lachrymatory effect which will help to debond the adhesive. Keep the eye covered until debonding is completed usually 1-3 days. Get medical attention to make sure cured adhesive is not trapped behind eyelid.

Ingestion: Keep individual calm. Make sure breathing passage ways not abstracted. The product will polymerize almost

instantaneously bonding the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will debond and separate any cured material in several hours. Prevent patient from swallowing any separated cure material. Get medical

attention.

Symptoms: See section 11

Inhalation:

Notes to Physician: Surgery is not necessary to separate accidentally bonded tissues. Experience has shown that bonded tissues are

best treated by passive non-surgical first aid. If rapid curing has caused thermal burn they should be treated

symptomatically after adhesive is removed.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media: Foam, water spray or fog, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special fire fighting procedures: Fire fighter should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Unusual fire or explosion hazards: None

Hazardous combustion products: Trace amount of toxic and/or irritating organic vapors may be generated. The use a

breathing apparatus is recommended.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use personal protection equipment recommended in section 8, isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

Environmental precautions: Ventilate area. Prevent product from entering drains or waterways.

Clean-up methods: Do not use cloths to mop spills. Flood area with plenty of water to insure complete

polymerization. When cured scrape off the floor for disposal. Cured material can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste. Refer to section 8 (Exposure Controls/ Personal

Protection) before clean up.

SDS PERMABOND 940_Rev2 Page 2 of 6



7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe vapor and mist. Wash

thoroughly after handling. Keep away from fabric and paper goods. Contact with these materials may cause rapid polymerization which can generate smoke and strong

irritating vapors and cause thermal burns.

Storage: Store away from heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition.

For shelf life information contact Permabond customer service at (800)714-0170

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Employees should complete an assessment of all workplaces to determine the need for and selection of proper exposure controls and protective equipment before each task is started.

Hazardous components ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL AIHA WEEL OTHER

Beta-Methoxyethyl Cyanoacrylate None None None 0.2 ppm TWA

Engineering controls: Use positive down draft exhaust ventilation if general ventilation is insufficient to maintain vapor

concentrations below established exposure limits.

Respiratory protection: Use NIOSH approved respirator if there is potential to exceed exposure limit(s).

Skin protection: Use nitrile gloves and protective clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact. Do not use PVC, nylon,

cloth or cotton gloves

Eye/face protection: Safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields or face shield

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:LiquidColor:ClearOdor:odorlessOdor threshold:1 2 ppm

pH: Not applicable

Vapor pressure: <0.2 mm Hg

Boiling point/range: >149°C (300°F)

Melting point/range: Not available

Specific gravity: 1.1 at 23.9°C (75°F)



Vapor density: Not available

Flash point: $80^{\circ}\text{C} - 93^{\circ}\text{C} (176^{\circ}\text{F} - 199.94^{\circ}\text{F})$

Flammable/Explosive limits – Lower: Not determined
Flammable/Explosive limits – upper: Not determined
Autoignition Temperature: 485°C (905°F)
Evaporation rate: Not available

Solubility in water: Polymerizes in water

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not applicable

Decomposition temperature: Not available

VOC content: <2 %, 20 grams/liter (Estimated)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable when stored under the recommended storage conditions

Hazardous reactions: Rapid exothermic reaction will occur in the presence of water, amines, alkalis and

alcohols.

Hazardous decomposition products: Upon heating may decompose to release toxic fumes of nitrogen oxides, carbon

monoxide and carbon dioxide

Incompatible materials:Water, amines, alkalis and alcohols.

Conditions to avoid: Contact with incompatible materials which may cause spontaneous polymerization

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Relevant routes of exposure: Skin, Inhalation, Eyes

Potential Health Effects/Symptoms

Inhalation: Exposure to vapors above the exposure limits causes irritation to the respiratory tract,

which may lead to difficulty of breathing and tightness of chest.

Skin contact: Bonds skin in seconds. May cause skin irritation. Cyanoacrylates have been reported to

cause skin allergic reaction but due to the rapid polymerization upon skin contact, an

allergic reaction is rare.

Eye contact: Irritating to eyes. May cause excessive tearing. On contact, will bond eyelids.

Ingestion: Not expected to be harmful by ingestion. On contact, immediate bonding of the mouth

may occur. It is almost impossible to swallow.

Existing conditions aggravated by

exposure:

Skin, eye and respiratory disorders.

SDS PERMABOND 940_Rev2 Page 4 of 6



Hazardous components	LD50	LC50	Immediate and delayed Health Effects
Beta-Methoxyethyl Cyanoacrylate	None	None	Allergen, Irritant

Hazardous components	NTP Carcinogen	IARC Carcinogen	OSHA Carcinogen
Beta-Methoxyethyl Cyanoacrylate	No	No	No

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological information: Not Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information provided is for unused product only.

Recommended method of disposal: Dispose of according to Federal, State/Provincial and local governmental

regulations. Refer to section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection) before

handling.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. Department of Transportation Ground (49 CFR):

Proper shipping name: Combustible liquid, n.o.s (cyanoacrylate ester)

Hazard class or division: Combustible liquid

Identification number: NA 1993 Packing group: III

Exceptions: Unrestricted, (Not more than 450 L)

Please note that Cyanoacrylates are not restricted for domestic ground transportation in non bulk containers (The DOT defines a bulk container as a "Package" containing more than 450 liters. The "Package" is the individual bottle, tube or drum, not a carton containing many bottles.

International Air Transportation (ICAO/IATA):

Proper shipping name: Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (Cyanoacrylate ester)

Hazard class or division:

Identification number:

Packing group:

UN 3334

III

Exceptions: Inner packaging containing less than 500ml are unregulated by this mode of

transportation and may be shipped unrestricted.

Please note that Cyanoacrylates are restricted for air transportation in inner packages containing more than 500ml. The "inner package" is the individual bottle, tube or drum, not the outer packaging such as a fiberboard box or carton containing many bottles. Permabond 3g, 20gr, 1 ounce (28.4 gr), 1 pound (454gr) and 500ml, are not restricted for air transportation.

Water Transportation (IMO/IMDG):

Proper shipping name:UnrestrictedHazard class or division:NoneIdentification number:NonePacking group:NoneMarine pollutant:None

SDS PERMABOND 940_Rev2 Page 5 of 6



15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States Regulatory Information

TSCA 8 (b) Inventory Status: All components are listed or are exempt from listing on the Toxic Substances

Control Act Inventory.

TSCA 12 (b) Export Notification: None above the reporting limits.

CERCLA/SARA Section 302 EHS: None above the reporting limits.

CERCLA/SARA Section 311/312: Immediate Health, Delayed Health, Fire, Reactive

CERCLA/SARA 313: This product contains the following chemical subject to the reporting

requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning And Community Right-To-Know Act of 1988 (40 CFR 372. Beta-Methoxyethyl Cyanoacrylate (CAS#

27816-23-5).

California Proposition 65: No chemical listed on the California Proposition 65 are known to be present.

Canada Regulatory Information

CEPA DSL/NDSL Status: All components are listed on or are exempt from listing on the Domestic

Substances List.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This safety data sheet contains changes from the previous one: New format

Issue date: 05/05/15

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: The information given and the recommendations made herein apply to our product(s) alone and are not combined with other product(s). Such are based on our research and on data from other reliable sources and are believed to be accurate. No guaranty of accuracy is made. It is the purchaser's responsibility before using any product to verify this data under their own operating conditions and to determine whether the product is suitable for their purposes.

SDS PERMABOND 940_Rev2 Page 6 of 6