

**Press In Self-Anchoring Threaded Inserts** 





## **Benefits & Advantages**

1 Easy-to-drill cylindrical hole.



2 Lightening-fast assembly.



3 Internal assembly of panels.



No tensile force on the receiving material when the insert is not pulled-out.



In use, the elastic crowns create an axial force, acting radially against the hole walls resulting in a secure attachment.



The "no-through" threading of the internal bushing prevents over tightening.



## **Application & Assembly**

Prepare the hole in the receiving material.



Check the correct hole dimension with a go/no go gauge.



Install the insert with pressure, using a rubber mallet and optional setting tool.



The insert is set and ready for use.



## KEEP-NUT<sup>TM</sup> 11.8 1/2 Gas CNC set up info:

- Hole Diameter 12mm (+/- .2mm)
- Bit Diameter 11.8 mm

- Depth: 6.5mm (.26")
- RPM 3500

- Feed rate 1.5 in./min.
- Anchor placement:
- -approx. 2" from cut out on center



**APPLICATION:** Undermount sinks, ventilated facades, wall-coverings, décor and interiors, furniture, kitchen and sanitary elements, funerary art, etc. Marble, granite and stone materials, as well as on composites, carbon, Corian®, HPL, glass and other compact materials.

**KEEP-NUT™** is a revolutionary press-in insert with mechanical anchoring to create a threaded attachment on panels made of marble, granite or other stone materials, as well as on composite, Corian®, HPL, glass and other compact materials.

**KEEP-NUT™** anchors are made of stainless steel and consist of a threaded bushing with a set of flexible metal spines and a plastic ring for retaining the complete assembly.

Can support LBS up to 562 lbs per anchor

Code	Minimum Thickness	Thread	Thread Length	Bit Size	Hole Depth	Crown Number	Average press-in force*	Average pull- out strength*
	(s)	(d1)	(h1)	(d2) + 0.2/-0.2mm	(l2) + 1.0/-0.0mm		(lbs)	(lbs)
CCH-KEEP- NUT-2S-1/4	8.5mm (11/32")	1/4"-20	5.5mm (7/32")	11.8mm (15/32")	6.5mm (1/4")	2	90 lbs	562 lbs

\*Values reported above are indicative and not binding as results from laboratory tests that might not be repeatable in different conditions.